



²	³	⁴				
with bore						
d_1	d_2	$h \pm 0,1$	Nominal magnetic forces in N	VE*		
6	$\pm 0,1$	2	$\pm 0,1$	3	4,5	10
8	$\pm 0,1$	4,5	$\pm 0,1$	3	5,5	10
10	$\pm 0,1$	4,5	$\pm 0,1$	3	12	10
12	$\pm 0,1$	4,5	$\pm 0,1$	3	18	10
15	$\pm 0,1$	6	$\pm 0,1$	3,5	25	10
19,8	$\pm 0,1$	4,2	$\pm 0,1$	10	88	5
20,8	$\pm 0,1$	14,8	$\pm 0,1$	6	55	5
22	$\pm 0,1$	16,5	$\pm 0,1$	6	49	10
24	$\pm 0,1$	9,5	$\pm 0,1$	4	68	5
32	$\pm 0,2$	10,5	$\pm 0,2$	2	42	1
35	$\pm 0,1$	19	$\pm 0,2$	4,5	110	5
38	$\pm 0,1$	12	$\pm 0,1$	4	110	1
40	$\pm 0,1$	12,5	$\pm 0,1$	4	126	1
48	$\pm 0,2$	15	$\pm 0,1$	5	165	1
56	$\pm 0,2$	15	$\pm 0,1$	6	230	1

²	³	⁴			
with countersunk					
$d_1 \pm 0,1$	d_2	$h \pm 0,1$	$d_3 + 0,5$	Nominal magnetic forces in N	VE*
8	$2,6 \pm 0,1$	3	5,2	7	10
10	$3,5 \pm 0,1$	3	6,6	11	10
12	$3,5 \pm 0,1$	3	6,6	18	10
15	$4,5 \pm 0,1$	3,5	9,3	29	10
17	$4,5 \pm 0,1$	5	9,3	50	10
18	$4,5 \pm 0,1$	4	9,3	41	5
24	$5,5 \pm 0,1$	4	11,5	66	1
40	$11,5 \pm 0,5$	4	17,5	130	1

* VE = Packaging units

Specification

- NdFeB
Neodymium, iron, boron
- Nickel-plated
- Temperature resistant up to 80 °C
- RoHS



ND

Information

Raw magnets GN 55.1 are disk-shaped unshielded magnets. They can be easily and securely fastened using the bore or countersunk. If no suitable retaining magnets or magnet systems are available, raw magnets may be used in combination with appropriate holding constructions to build up highly specific magnet systems.

When used without air gap, individual raw magnets always have lower magnetic forces than a magnet system in which shielding and magnetic return enormously intensify the force acting at the magnetic surface. Depending on the air gap between magnet and mating component, individual raw magnets, unlike magnet systems, can have substantially higher retaining forces.

see also...

- More Information on Retaining Magnets → Page 2028

How to order

¹ ² ³ ⁴
GN 55.1-ND-38-12-4

1	Material of the magnet
2	d_1
3	d_2
4	h